

Healthy Weight Management

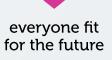




What we'll cover today

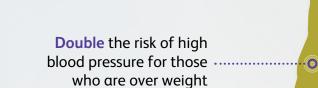
- Why maintaining a healthy weight is important
- Three key things to help with healthy weight loss and weight management
- Where you can find extra support and resources.







Why being a healthy weight is important



57% increased risk of prostate cancer for those who are over weight **70%** of heart disease patients are over weight

 80% of people with type 2 diabetes are over weight
Losing just 10lbs can slash your
risk of type 2 diabetes by 30% and arthritis by 50%

> everyone fit for the future



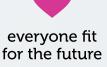
Getting started

Set a goal, make a **commitment** to yourself and tell others, this helps with motivation, support and keeps you accountable.

Look for simple **changes** you can make – one change at a time. These changes should be seen as part of a healthy lifestyle change not simply for weight loss, and gradually build on one another.

Every time someone loses and regains weight it becomes more difficult to lose weight the next time.

Believe in yourself.





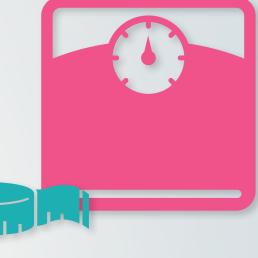
How to measure your progress

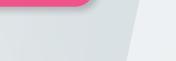
Set a realistic time frame. **1-2lbs per week** maximum. - how many weeks will it take?

Measure your waist size (directly over your navel) - one of the best indicators of fat loss.

Measure by a change in belt / clothes size.

Use photos for motivation.





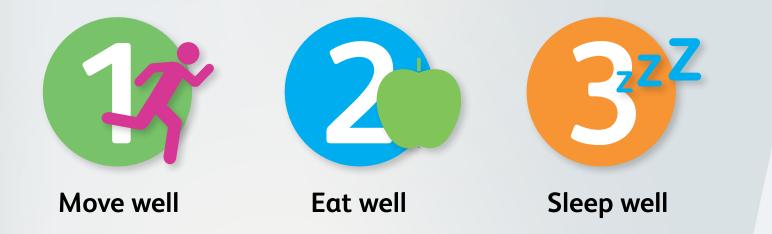
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Your three step plan

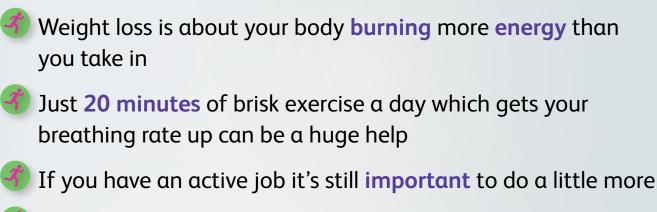
Maintaining **weight loss** over the long term is difficult. Below are the things people who were successful found helped the most:







Move well



- Find something you enjoy and regularly make time for it
- Aim to build up to **45 minutes**, **5 days per week** over time
- Check with your **GP** or an **exercise professional** if you haven't exercised regularly in the past six months.





Eat well

Make one change at a time. This could be:

- Eating a healthy breakfast every day
- Snacking on fruit and nuts not food from the vending machine
- Orinking plenty of water and avoid sugar rich drinks
- D Eating lean meats like chicken, turkey or white fish
- O Having no more than a fist serving of rice, pasta or potatoes with any meal
- Adding greens to your evening meal
- **D** Lowering your alcohol intake.

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Eat well

The trouble with fad diets...

O Hard to stick to long term

Likely to cause rebound weight gain after finishing the diet

Unnecessary exclusion of certain foods or food groups

U Health risks associated with restricting calories or food groups

Often expensive.



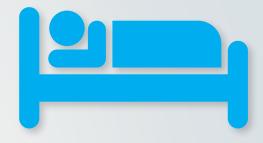




Sleep well

If your sleep is regularly broken then it can lead to cravings for sugary and fatty foods

- It can also increase hormones in our body that make it more likely to store fat, particularly around our stomach and organs
- Always try to get **6–8 hours** of sleep everyday.







What to do next?

- More information and helpful articles see Occupational Health and Wellbeing on Connect or Safety Central
- Look at your range of health and wellbeing employee benefits that can support weight loss.

www.personal-benefits.com/networkrail

